## IN THE CLAIMS:

New claims 29-50 have been added. Claims 1, 8, 9, and 13 have been amended herein. All of the pending claims 1 through 50 are presented below. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings in the application. Please enter these claims as amended.

1. (Currently Amended) A plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process comprising:

admitting a hydrocarbon gas into a deposition chamber;

admitting titanium tetrachloride gas into the deposition chamber;

forming a plasma in the deposition chamber having at a a power level greater than a first ionization energy, but less than a second ionization energy, of the hydrocarbon gas for forming hydrocarbon radicals therein; and

heating a substrate to a temperature for some of the radicals formed from the hydrocarbon gas to react with some of the chlorine atoms from the titanium tetrachloride gas for depositing titanium metal on a portion of a surface of the substrate.

- 2. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the substrate is heated to a temperature within a range of about 200°C to about 500°C.
- 3. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon gas is selected from a group of compounds comprising  $C_nH_{2n+2}$ ,  $C_nH_{2n}$  and  $C_nH_{2n-2}$ .
- 4. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon gas comprises an alkane having fewer than five carbon atoms per molecule.
- 5. (Original) The process of claim 4, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes methane.

- 6. (Original) The process of claim 1, further comprising: mounting the substrate on a susceptor; heating the susceptor; and heating the substrate using the susceptor.
- 7. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the titanium tetrachloride gas includes a titanium tetrachloride gas mixed with a carrier gas selected from a group consisting of helium, argon and hydrogen.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 7, wherein the titanium tetrachloride gas includes titanium tetrachloride gas introduced into-said the carrier gas using a bubbler apparatus.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 7, wherein a liquid injector sprays the titanium tetrachloride-and gas and passes through a vaporizer.
- 10. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes a hydrocarbon gas mixed with a carrier gas selected from a group consisting of helium and argon.
- 11. (Original) The process of claim 1, further comprising: removing reaction products from the deposition chamber during the process.
- 12. (Original) The process of claim 11, wherein an alkyl chloride gas comprises a reaction product.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a cold wall deposition chamber, the with walls thereof maintained at a temperature

within a preferred range of about 100°C to about 200° C. 200° C for preventing condensation-of of the titanium tetrachloride thereon gas thereon.

- 14. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a hot wall deposition chamber.
- 15. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the plasma comprises a plasma produced with a radio frequency source.
- 16. (Original) The process of claim 15, wherein the radio frequency source comprises a radio frequency source having a power setting within a range of about 20 watts to about 100 watts.
- 17. (Original) The process of claim 15, wherein the radio frequency source comprises a radio frequency source having a frequency greater than about 10KHz.
- 18. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a deposition chamber for maintaining a pressure within a range of about 2 torr to about 100 torr.
- 19. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a deposition chamber for maintaining a pressure within a preferred range of about 2 torr to about 5 torr.
- 20. (Original) The process of claim 1, further comprising: premixing the titanium tetrachloride gas and the hydrocarbon gas before being admitted to the deposition chamber.

- 21. (Original) The process of claim 20, wherein a ratio of the hydrocarbon gas to the titanium tetrachloride gas comprising the premixture thereof comprises a ratio of between about four and about one thousand to one.
- 22. (Original) The process of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a semiconductor wafer.
- 23. (Original) A plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process comprising: admitting hydrocarbon gas into a deposition chamber;

admitting titanium tetrachloride gas into the deposition chamber;

- forming a plasma within the deposition chamber of the hydrocarbon gas for forming hydrocarbon radicals;
- maintaining the plasma at a power level greater than a first ionization energy, but less than a second ionization energy, of the hydrocarbon gas for forming the hydrocarbon radicals; and
- heating a semiconductor wafer to a temperature sufficient to induce some of the hydrocarbon radicals to react with some chlorine atoms from the titanium tetrachloride gas for forming chlorinated hydrocarbon molecules for depositing titanium metal on a portion of a surface of the semiconductor wafer.
- 24. (Original) The process of claim 23, further comprising: maintaining the deposition chamber at a pressure within a range of about 2 torr to about 10 torr.
- 25. (Original) The process of claim 23, wherein the power level comprises a radio frequency source operating at a power setting within a range of about 20 watts to about 100 watts and at a frequency greater than about 10 KHz.

- 26. (Original) The process of claim 23, further comprising: premixing the titanium tetrachloride gas and the hydrocarbon gas for their admission to the deposition chamber in a ratio of hydrocarbon gas to the titanium tetrachloride gas being between about four and about one thousand to one.
- 27. (Original) The process of claim 23, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes methane.
- 28. (Original) The process of claim 23, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes a hydrocarbon gas selected from a group consisting of compounds  $C_nH_{2n+2}$ ,  $C_nH_{2n}$  and  $C_nH_{2n-2}$ .
- 29. (New) A plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition process comprising: flowing a hydrocarbon gas into a deposition chamber;

flowing a titanium tetrachloride gas into the deposition chamber;

- forming a plasma in the deposition chamber using a power level substantially in the range of greater than a first ionization energy of the hydrocarbon gas to less than a second ionization energy of the hydrocarbon gas for forming hydrocarbon radicals in the hydrocarbon gas; and
- heating a substrate to a temperature for some of the radicals formed from the hydrocarbon gas to react with some of the chlorine atoms from the titanium tetrachloride gas for depositing titanium metal on a portion of a surface of the substrate.
- 30. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the substrate is heated to a temperature within a range of about 200°C to about 500° C.
- 31. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the hydrocarbon gas is selected from a group of compounds comprising  $C_nH_{2n+2}$ ,  $C_nH_{2n}$  and  $C_nH_{2n-2}$ .

- 32. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the hydrocarbon gas comprises an alkane having fewer than five carbon atoms per molecule.
  - 33. (New) The process of claim 32, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes methane.
- 34. (New) The process of claim 29, further comprising: mounting the substrate on a susceptor; heating the susceptor; and heating the substrate using the susceptor.
- 35. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the titanium tetrachloride gas includes a titanium tetrachloride gas mixed with a carrier gas selected from a group consisting of helium, argon and hydrogen.
- 36. (New) The process of claim 35, wherein the titanium tetrachloride gas includes titanium tetrachloride gas introduced into the carrier gas using a bubbler apparatus.
- 37. (New) The process of claim 36, wherein a liquid injector sprays the titanium tetrachloride and passes through a vaporizer.
- 38. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the hydrocarbon gas includes a hydrocarbon gas mixed with a carrier gas selected from a group consisting of helium and argon.
- 39. (New) The process of claim 29, further comprising: removing reaction products from the deposition chamber during the process.
- 40. (New) The process of claim 39, wherein an alkyl chloride gas comprises a reaction product.

- 41. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a cold wall deposition chamber, the walls thereof maintained at a temperature within a preferred range of about 100°C to about 200° C. for preventing condensation of titanium tetrachloride thereon.
- 42. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a hot wall deposition chamber.
- 43. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the plasma comprises plasma produced by a radio frequency source.
- 44. (New) The process of claim 43, wherein the radio frequency source comprises a radio frequency source having a power setting within a range of about 20 watts to about 100 watts.
- 45. (New) The process of claim 43, wherein the radio frequency source comprises a radio frequency source having a frequency greater than about 10KHz.
- 46. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a deposition chamber for maintaining a pressure within a range of about 2 torr to about 100 torr.
- 47. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the deposition chamber comprises a deposition chamber for maintaining a pressure within a preferred range of about 2 torr to about 5 torr.
- 48. (New) The process of claim 29, further comprising: premixing the titanium tetrachloride gas and the hydrocarbon gas before being flowing into the deposition chamber.

- 49. (New) The process of claim 48, wherein a ratio of the hydrocarbon gas to the titanium tetrachloride gas comprising the premixture thereof comprises a ratio of between about four and about one thousand to one.
- 50. (New) The process of claim 29, wherein the substrate comprises a semiconductor wafer.